



2025-26 Tentative Budget Forum

Presented By:

Claudette Dain
Vice President of Finance and Administrative Services
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Presentation Overview

- State Budget Governor's May Revise
- Citrus College Budget Priorities and Key Budget Items
- Citrus College 2025-26 Tentative Budget
 - Focus on Ongoing Revenues & Expenses
- State Budget Concerns State's Fiscal Health
 - LAO's Analysis of May Revision



2025-26 State Budget Governor's May Revise





2025-26 State Budget Overview

- ➤ May Revise released on May 14, 2025 statutory deadline
- Revenues continued to underperform since the release of the January Budget Proposal
- > State's General Fund expenditures increased by \$15 billion
 - > Particularly attributed to the state's Medi-Cal program
- ➤ May Revise provides an overall budget deficit of \$12 billion
- California is now the 4th largest economy in the world
- ➤ Governor's message emphasized "deep uncertainty" of the impacts of federal actions on the state's fiscal situation
- > May Revise does not reflect any potential Federal cuts



2025-26 State Budget - PSSSA

- ➤ Public School System Stabilization Account (PSSSA), a.k.a. Prop. 98 Reserve Account and Prop. 98 Rainy Day Fund
 - ➤ Approved by voters in 2014 as Proposition 2, under Governor Brown's administration
 - ➤ Governor's January Budget proposal projected deposits would be made to the PSSSA
 - >\$1.2 million for 2024-25
 - ➤\$376 million for 2025-26
- ➤ May Revise eliminates deposits and projects withdrawals, resulting in fully eliminating the reserve balance by 6/30/26



2025-26 State Budget - Prop. 98

- ➤ May Revise reflects Governor's interest in expanding universal access to Transitional Kindergarten (TK)
- ➤ Historical statutory split of Prop. 98 funding has been roughly 89% for K-12 and less than 11% for Community Colleges
- ➤ Since 2021-22, TK has been included with K-12 split
- ➤ Currently community colleges serve nearly 15% of the Prop. 98-funded population, yet receive less than 11% of total Prop. 98 funding



2025-26 State Budget - Prop. 98

Rebenching of Prop. 98

- ➤ May Revise proposes a rebenching of the statutory Prop. 98 split
- ➤ Proposes additional funding to expand TK <u>and</u> to shift the full expansion to the TK-12 side of Prop. 98, rather than applying the statutory split
- ➤ Results in a reduction of Prop. 98 funding for Community Colleges by \$492 million, \$230 million of which would be a permanent, ongoing reduction



2025-26 State Budget - Community Colleges

- > 2.35% Enrollment Growth (\$139.9 million system-wide)
 - Must be "earned" by colleges through the generation of additional full-time equivalent students (FTES)
- 2.30% Apportionment COLA to increase SCFF (\$217.5 million system-wide)
 - ➤ Previously estimated at 2.43% in January
 - > Restricted COLA 2.30% for EOPS, DSPS, CalWORKs, and CARE
- ➤ Deferrals of \$531.6 million in SCFF apportionments from 2025-26 budget year to 2026-27 budget year
- Provides Property Tax Backfill for Recent Wildfires



2025-26 State Budget - Community Colleges

- Capital Outlay Funding \$68.5 million from Props. 51 and 2
 - Supporting one continuing project and 29 new projects
 - > Includes Funding for Citrus College's new CTE Building
- No Funding for Deferred Maintenance and Instructional Support
- Common Cloud Data Platform reduced from \$133.5 million one-time and \$29 million ongoing (proposed in January), to \$12 million one-time only
- ➤ Technology Transformation fully eliminated \$168 million one-time funding (proposed in January)



2025-26 State Budget - Community Colleges

- ➤ e-Transcript California provides \$6.6 million in one-time funding, to maintain \$12 million one-time provided in 2024-25 enacted state budget
- ➤ Credit for Prior Learning reduced from \$93 million onetime and \$7 million ongoing (proposed in January), to \$15 million and \$5 million, respectively
- ➤ Career Passport reduced from \$50 million one-time (proposed in January), to \$25 million
- ➤ Rising Scholars reduced \$30 million ongoing augmentation (proposed in January), to \$10 million, bringing total proposed ongoing funding to \$35 million



Citrus College Budget Priorities



Citrus College Budget Priorities

- Ensure mindfulness of Diversity, Equity, Inclusion and Accessibility+ (DEIA+) initiatives in budgetary considerations
- Ensure student access, success and completion in conjunction with budgeted FTES and the SCFF
- Maintain a commitment to regular/permanent employee positions
- Maintain minimum reserve level of two months of total GF operating expenditures, in accordance with GFOA Budgeting Best Practices and Chancellor's Office guidance
- Ensure compliance with state and federal regulations
- Support critical new hires/replacement of vacant positions staffing
- Maintain a commitment to support scheduled maintenance needs
- ➤ Ensure funding for long-term employment obligations such as the STRS and PERS retirement systems and the Districts post-employment medical and cashin-lieu benefit programs
- Maintain multi-year fiscal planning perspective; honoring institutional priorities



2025-26 Tentative Budget



Full-Time Equivalent Students (FTES)

- 2024-25 Estimated Actual FTES of 9,656.01 as of P-2 CCFS-320 Report
 - > 324.62 FTES (3.36%) above 2023-24 actual (9,331.39)
- ECA FTES protection ended on 6/30/23
- 3-Year Basic Allocation Stability Period (2023-24 Yr. 1; 2024-25 Yr. 2; 2025-26 Yr. 3)
- Must reach 10,000 FTES by end of 2025-26 to remain medium-size college
 - \triangleright (\$8,877,529 \$6,658,143 = \$2,219,386 ongoing funding)
- ➤ 2025-26 Budgeted FTES of 10,018.11 3.75% Increase



Full-Time Equivalent Students (FTES) Base Allocation

	2023-24 Actual FTES	2024-25 Actual P-2 FTES	2025-26 Budgeted FTES
Credit (\$5,416)	8,426.29	8,770.63	9,113.99
Noncredit (\$4,568)	124.73	126.63	131.38
CDCP (\$7,596)	110.60	98.42	102.11
CCAP (\$7,596)	669.77	660.33	670.63
Total	9,331.39	9,656.01	10,018.11

CDCP = Career Development & College Prep (Enhanced Noncredit)

CCAP = College and Career Access Pathways (Dual Enrollment; Special Admit - Credit)



Ongoing Revenue Assumptions

- > SCFF General Apportionment of \$88.533 million:
 - ➤ Base Allocation (70%) \$62.8 million
 - ➤ Includes Medium-Size College Basic Allocation of \$8.9 million
 - ➤ Supplemental Allocation (20%) \$14.4 million
 - > Student Success Allocation (10%) \$11.3 million
- ➤ Hold Harmless Floor Funding = \$88.500 million
- ➤ Tentative Budget estimates apportionment funding will be \$33,042 above hold harmless



Ongoing Revenue Assumptions

- Unrestricted Lottery at \$191 per FTES \$1.9 Million
- ➤ Non-Resident Tuition budgeted at \$3.6 Million:
 - Assumes same level of non-resident FTES, at current adopted rates of \$400 per semester unit
- ➤ Interest Earnings \$2.1 million
- Mandated Cost Block Grant Program at \$36.46 per FTES -\$374,729
- > 2% Enrollment Fees/Transcript/Parking/Other \$320,697



2025-26 Unrestricted General Fund Ongoing Revenues

Apportionment	\$ 88,533,042
Non-Resident Tuition	3,594,785
Unrestricted Lottery	1,913,459
Mandated Cost Block Grant	374,729
FT/PT Faculty Compensation	1,914,922
Interest Earnings/Other Local Revenues	2,120,000
Transcripts/Parking/Other Student Fees/Fee Waiver Admin	320,697
Total	\$ 98,771,634



FRC Recommendations Strategies to Balance 2025-26 Budget

- Cost Center Allocations
 - ➤ No Prior Year COLA Augmentation of 1.07%
- Adjunct/Overload Budget
 - ➤ Increase Fill Rates by 2%
- ➤ Offset Retiree Medical Costs by \$1.5 million from District's OPEB funds
- Suspend Transfers/Contributions totaling \$4 million
 - ➤ Scheduled Maintenance (\$2.5 M); Retirement Health (\$750,000); PERS/STRS set-aside (\$250,000); Self-Insurance Fund (\$500,000)



Ongoing Expenditure Assumptions

- > Salary and Benefits \$73.8 million
 - Includes negotiated salary increases, step/column movements, retirements/separations, new hires, and approved recruitments
 - > Assumes medical benefit premium increase of 15%
 - ➤ Includes 0.24% decrease in PERS employer contribution rate, from 27.05% to 26.81%
 - ➤ Includes STRS employer contribution rate of 19.1%; no change



Ongoing Expenditure Assumptions

- Adjunct/Overload budgets \$9.9 million
- Retiree medical and in-lieu costs \$454,384 (net of \$1.5 million offset)
- Cost Center Allocations \$12 million
- Utilities Expense \$2.5 million
- Transfers/Contributions \$82,772, made up of:
 - ➤ Golf Driving Range \$50,000
 - Federal Work Study match requirement \$7,190
 - ➤ DSPS match requirement \$25,582



2025-26 Unrestricted General Fund Ongoing Expenditures

Personnel (Salaries & Benefits)	\$ 73,802,990
Adjunct/Overload Budgets	9,896,627
Cost Center Allocations	12,013,043
Retiree Benefits	454,384
Utilities	2,512,750
Transfers	82,772
Total	\$ 98,762,566



2025-26 Unrestricted General Fund Ongoing Summary

Ongoing Revenues	\$ 98,771,634
Ongoing Expenditures	98,762,566
Ongoing Revenues over Ongoing Expenditures	<u>\$ 9,068</u>



State Budget Concerns State's Fiscal Health



State Budget Concerns

- Reduced revenue projections of \$16 billion due to stock market volatility, and the impact of tariffs and other federal policies
 - No cuts from federal government reflected at this time
 - > Concern remains over uncertainty of federal actions
 - > Local FTES impacts, including International students
- PSSSA reserve proposed to be fully depleted by the end of 2025-26 budget year
 - Leaves less favorable mitigation options to address future economic downturns



State Budget Concerns

- State spending projected to increase due to wildfire restoration efforts
- State spending projected to increase to fund the growth in the state's Medi-Cal program
 - ➤ 14.9 million people receive Medi-Cal in California
 - ➤ Governor notes this figure to be "much higher than anticipated"
- ➤ Significant concern over Governor's proposal to rebench the minimum guarantee for costs associated with implementing universal TK access



State Budget Concerns - LAO's Analysis

- > LAO notes state's economy has been stagnant
 - ➤ No job growth in 2025 thus far
 - Consumer spending has declined impacts sales tax collections and possibly income and corporate tax collections
- LAO acknowledges federal policies around tariffs and declining consumer sentiment
 - ➤ Increased risks to State's revenue outlook results in larger deficits in future years
 - ➤ LAO cautions the State may not be able to backfill federal cuts to critical health or other programs, given its challenges with funding its existing programs



2025-26 Tentative Budget Forum

Questions?